## KS3 Religious Studies Curriculum Narrative

Key Stage 3 RS focuses on ensuring students have a baseline knowledge of core religious beliefs and practices. There are opportunities to both learn about and learn from religion in every lesson. The aim of the curriculum is to provide a solid foundation of fundamental beliefs within religion and faith, engage with key elements of scripture, make links between these beliefs and practices, their own lives, all while building an understanding of the diverse impact faith has on our world. From Year 7, students are taught key knowledge across world religions as well as engaging with specific people of faith and how their faith has impacted their lives. Moving into year 9 students consider wider concepts of philosophy and ethics. The aim is that, by the end of Key Stage 3, students are familiar with world religions and are able to confidently draw comparisons across these, as well as developing a broader world view and a fuller understanding of key issues within and relating to religion and ethics. Students are encouraged to think in an evaluative manner, developing skills of critical analysis.

## KS3 **RELIGIOUS STUDIES** Curriculum Map

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Year 7	Intro to RS at Manor:  What is RS?  Who are we and relevant?  Who is God? Where come from?  Assessment mid Autumn 1.  Young Leaders Award - Unit  Overview of what fa and Church means to  What is the link betweedership  Engagement with spe faith from the past and how they have inspit their communities  Engagement with chelinks this has with fait	do these ideas  1: Faith  aith, the Bible  Christians  veen faith and  cific people of  ad present and  red change in  harity and the	<ul> <li>The Christian Church</li> <li>The origins of the ear</li> <li>What is a denominative exist?</li> <li>Specific engagement of denominations in Christian What does scripture to and worship?</li> <li>Ofstich Assessment</li> <li>Church review</li> <li>How do specific church permission) meet the to worship and provide they serve?</li> </ul>	on and why do they with key istianity rell us about Church	and how the commutheir specific experview the world.  Why would this be born in a different  Islam  Students to engage Islam Islam in the UK	er their own world view nunity they live in and rience informs how they different if they were

Year 8	The Bible	YLA – Hope into Action	YLA (Ref and Evi Book write up)	
Teal o	<ul> <li>An overview and structure of the Bible</li> <li>Engagement with Old Testament Law and New Testament Grace</li> <li>Why do people do good and bad? The Fall and Original Sin.</li> <li>Should people of faith be greener than others? What does it mean to be a good steward?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>What does it mean to be part of a community?</li> <li>Who makes up the communities we are part of and how do we support those around us</li> <li>Engagement with key parables</li> </ul>	Life of Jesus Assessment  Buddhism  The Life of Siddhartha Gautama The Three Marks of Existence The Four Noble Truths The Eightfold Path  Buddhism Assessment	
Year 9	What are Ultimate Questions?  • Students to engage with what Philosophy and Ethics are and how they are relevant in our lives  Christianity Beliefs and Teachings  • Deeper engagement with the Christian understanding of God  • How do Christians engage with beliefs about creation?  • What happens when we die?  • The role of Christ in Salvation.	<ul> <li>Salvation</li> <li>Peace and Conflict</li> <li>Engage with the concepts of peace, justice, forgiveness and reconciliation and how these concepts are embedded in scripture</li> <li>Consider the reasons for conflict and disagreement and how to engage positively with these issues.</li> <li>Believes about the Sanctity of Life are frequently referred to in this unit.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Christian Practices</li> <li>Students learn about the sacraments within the Christian faith</li> <li>Consider the role of the Church at home and abroad</li> </ul>	

## KS4 Religious Studies Curriculum Narrative

The AQA GCSE syllabus fully prepares students for A level study in Religion, Philosophy and Ethics. At GCSE, students will apply the religious and ethical thematic knowledge they have gained in Key Stage 3 to three core modules: Christianity, Islam and Themeatic studies in the modern world. Within 'Christianity', students will focus on both 'beliefs and teachings', as well as Christian 'practices'. Key aspects studied within beliefs and teachings include the Trinity, Christian responses to evil and suffering and the nature of God. Key Christian practices studied include Sacraments such as Baptism and the Eucharist, along with important Christian pilgrimages.

Within 'Islam', students also study both 'beliefs and teachings' and 'practices'. Key beliefs and teachings include the 99 names of Allah, the six articles of faith in Sunni Islam, the five roots of faith in Usul ad-Din in Shi'a Islam, prophet hood and the role of angels in Islam. Key practices studied include the Five Pillars of Islam, lesser and greater jihad and key Islamic festivals, including Eid-ul-Adha, Eid-ul-Fitr and the Day of Ashura. Within religious, philosophical and ethical studies in the modern world, students will cover a range of thematic topics, including: issues of life and death, issues of human rights, issues of good and evil and issues of relationships. Within these core modules, students study a range of ethical issues including capital punishment, censorship, euthanasia, abortion, the role and purpose of marriage and religious attitudes to crime and punishment. Throughout these four modules, students will focus on diversity of religion, contrasting and comparing the religious views and attitudes of Christianity and Islam throughout, as well as considering diversity within religion, such as Protestant and Roman Catholic views within Christianity and other faiths.

## KS4 RELIGIOUS STUDIES Curriculum Map

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Year 10	<ul> <li>Students will cornin both Sunni an investigating the 5 Roots of Usul at 5 Students engage Tawhid, Angels, A Predestination, I Imamate.</li> <li>Students will und of belief within I similarities and of</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Islam Beliefs and Teachings:         <ul> <li>Students will consider the basis of faith in both Sunni and Shia Islam investigating the 6 Articles of Faith and 5 Roots of Usul ad Din</li> <li>Students engage with key concepts of Tawhid, Angels, Akhirah, Prophethood, Predestination, Life after Death and The</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		nsider how people of ity should care for ngaging with issues of rdship and dominion. gage with how people ands the ability to use its gence to support and whether the ion animals is es of Abortion and exestigated. Esanctity of Life are red to in this unit.	<ul> <li>Students will lead including Eid-ul-Day of Ashura.</li> <li>The Ten Obligate introduced, shown</li> </ul>	ne 5 Pillars of Islam. Arn about key festivals Adha, Eid-ul-Fitr and the ory Acts in Shia Islam are wing the key practical unnis along with the

Year 11	<ul> <li>Religion, Crime and Punishment:         <ul> <li>Students will revisit concepts of good and evil.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Students will consider different types of crime and how religion engages with these.         <ul> <li>The different aims of punishment are introduced and whether different practical ways in which punishment can be delivered meets these aims.</li> <li>Students specifically look at how prison, community service, corporal and capital punishment are used and whether these fit with religious beleifs about the aim of punishment.</li> <li>Beliefs about the Sanctity of Life are frequently referred to in this unit.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Relationships and Family:  Religious attitudes towards homosexuality Religious attitudes towards sexual relationships outside marriage Religious attitudes towards the use of contraception The Purpose of Marriage and the sacrament of marriage Religious attitudes to divorce and remarriage The Nature and Purpose of Family	Revision		
---------	--	--	----------	--	--